

MEASUREMENTS OF DIMENSIONS OF SMALL OBJECTS BY MICROSCOPE:
(Determination of the diameter of erythrocytes)

Name:

Group:

Date:

1. Goal of the experiment:

2. Smallest dimension of a structure that can be observed by the microscope:

- numerical aperture $A =$
- wavelength of light used for observation $\lambda =$
- Resolving power of the microscope $RP =$
- length of the smallest structure:

3. Determination of the numerical factor k (the calibration procedure):

	unit	numerical value	error of measurement
smallest division b			
number of divisions N_2			
reading r_1			
reading r_2			
number of divisions N_1 $N_1 = r_2 - r_1$			
numerical factor k			

4. Determination of the mean value of erythrocytes' diameter D :

	r_1	r_2	$N_1 = r_2 - r_1$	$D = k \cdot N_1$
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

